

2017年6月·第3套 英语六级阅读理解（四选一） 第1篇·46-50 题答案与解析

QUESTIONS & ANALYSIS · 阅读理解题和解析

阅读理解题和解析·46-50 题

本页 46-50 题的答案与逐题解析由懒笔记基于2017年6月·第3套 英语六级阅读理解（四选一）原卷逐题核对整理。与试卷排版同一卷面：先是 Directions 与 8 段原文（段首标 P1-P8 段号、逐段附中文翻译）；之后 5 道题逐题排列，每题英文题干与选项后紧接本题解析——题干与选项中译、答案、题型判定、题干拆句、定位句中英对照与逐选项对错归因。

真题卷第3套(2017-06) · 六级

Part III Section C (1)

Directions: *There are 2 passages in this section. Each passage is followed by some questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should decide on the best choice and mark the corresponding letter on Answer Sheet 2 with a single line through the centre.*

Passage One

Questions 46 to 50 are based on the following passage.

P1 Tennessee's technical and community colleges will not outsource(外包) management of their facilities to a private company, a decision one leader said was bolstered by an analysis of spending at each campus.

田纳西州的技术学院和社区学院将不会把其设施管理外包给私营公司,一位领导表示,这一决定得到了对各校区支出分析的支持。

P2 In an email sent Monday to college presidents in the Tennessee Board of Regents system, outgoing Chancellor John Morgan said an internal analysis showed that each campus' spending on facilities management fell well below the industry standards identified by the state. Morgan said those findings—which included data from the system's 13 community colleges, 27 technical colleges and six universities—were part of the decision not to move forward with Governor Bill Haslam's proposal to privatize management of state buildings in an effort to save money.

在周一发给田纳西州董事会系统各学院院长的一封电子邮件中,即将离任的校长John Morgan表示,一项内部分析显示,各校区在设施管理方面的支出远低于该州确定的行业标准。Morgan表示,这些调查结果——包括来自该系统13所社区学院、27所技术学院和6所大学的数据——是决定不推进州长Bill Haslam提出的将州立建筑管理私有化以节省资金的提案的部分原因。

P3 "While these numbers are still being validated by the state, we feel any adjustments they might suggest will be immaterial," Morgan wrote to the presidents. "System institutions are operating very

efficiently based on this analysis, raising the question of the value of pursuing a broad scale outsourcing initiative."

Morgan在给各院长的信中写道:"虽然这些数字仍在接受州政府的验证,但我们认为他们可能提出的任何调整都将是无关紧要的。根据这项分析,系统内各机构的运营效率非常高,这引发了一个问题,即追求大规模外包举措的价值何在。"

P4 Workers' advocates have criticized Haslam's plan, saying it would mean some campus workers would lose their jobs or benefits. Haslam has said colleges would be free to opt in or out of the outsourcing plan, which has not been finalized.

工人权益倡导者批评了Haslam的计划,称这将意味着一些校园工作人员会失去工作或福利。Haslam表示,各学院可以自由选择加入或退出尚未最终确定的外包计划。

P5 Morgan notified the Haslam administration of his decision to opt out in a letter sent last week. That letter, which includes several concerns Morgan has with the plan, was originally obtained by The Commercial Appeal in Memphis.

Morgan在上周发出的一封信中向Haslam政府通报了他选择退出的决定。这封信包含了Morgan对该计划的几点担忧,最初由孟菲斯的The Commercial Appeal获得。

P6 In an email statement from the state's Office of Customer Focused Government, which is examining the possibility of outsourcing, spokeswoman Michelle R. Martin said officials were still working to analyze the data from the Board of Regents. Data on management expenses at the college system and in other state departments will be part of a "business justification" the state will use as officials deliberate the specifics of an outsourcing plan.

在该州客户导向型政府办公室发表的一份电子邮件声明中,该办公室正在研究外包的可能性,女发言人Michelle R. Martin表示,官员们仍在努力分析来自董事会的数据。学院系统和其他州政府部门的管理费用数据将成为该州"业务论证"的一部分,官员们将利用这些论证来审议外包计划的具体细节。

P7 "The state's facilities management project team is still in the process of developing its business justification and expects to have that completed and available to the public at the end of February," Martin said. "At this time there is nothing to take action on since the analysis has yet to be completed." Martin说:"该州的设施管理项目团队仍在制定其业务论证,预计将在2月底完成并向公众公布。目前由于分析尚未完成,没有需要采取行动的事项。"

P8 Morgan's comments on outsourcing mark the second time this month that he has come out against one of Haslam's plans for higher education in Tennessee. Morgan said last week that he would retire at the end of January because of the governor's proposal to split off six universities of the Board of Regents system and create separate governing boards for each of them. In his resignation letter, Morgan called the reorganization "unworkable".

Morgan关于外包的评论标志着他本月第二次公开反对Haslam为田纳西州高等教育制定的计划之一。Morgan上周表示,由于州长提出将董事会系统的六所大学分离出来,并为每所大学建立独立的管理委员会,他将于1月底退休。在辞职信中,Morgan称这次重组"不可行"。

题目与逐题解析

46. What do we learn about the decision of technical and community colleges in Tennessee?

- A) It is backed by a campus spending analysis.
- B) It has been flatly rejected by the governor.
- C) It has neglected their faculty's demands.
- D) It will improve their financial situation.

关于田纳西州技术学院和社区学院的决定,我们了解到什么?

- A) 该决定得到了校园支出分析的支持。 B) 该决定已被州长断然拒绝。
C) 该决定忽视了教职工的诉求。 D) 该决定将改善这些院校的财务状况。

【答案】 A (细节题)

【判型】 What do we learn about the decision of technical and community colleges in Tennessee? 问的是关于这个决定我们从文中得知什么, 是对原文事实的客观转述, 不带 infer / imply。

【拆句】 What do we learn about the decision of technical and community colleges in Tennessee? 是一个直接特殊疑问句, about 后面带一个长名词短语, 里面 of technical and community colleges in Tennessee 是 the decision 的两层后置修饰 (of 短语 + in 短语); 结构平铺直叙, 无陷阱。

【定位】 Tennessee's technical and community colleges will not outsource(外包) management of their facilities to a private company, a decision one leader said was bolstered by an analysis of spending at each campus.

田纳西州的技术学院与社区学院不会把它们的设施管理外包给私营公司, 一位领导者说这一决定有 "对各校园开支的一份分析" 作支撑。

【选项】 A) ✓ 正确

a decision one leader said was bolstered by an analysis of spending at each campus ↔

It is backed by a campus spending analysis.

选项 It is backed by a campus spending analysis. 把 bolster 换成 back, 把 of 短语压成复合名词, 语义和预判 "决定有开支分析作支撑" 一一对应。

B) 看清谁拒绝了谁

It has been flatly rejected by the governor. 的 rejected by the governor 与 Governor Bill Haslam's proposal to privatize management of state buildings 中州长 "提出外包" 的事实相反——是 Morgan 不接受州长的方案, 不是州长否决学院的决定。

C) 无中生有

It has neglected their faculty's demands. 中 faculty's demands (教师诉求) 在原文没有任何对应: 文中提到的是 Workers' advocates (工人权益倡导者), 并非 faculty (教师), 也未出现 demands 这一指控。

D) 过度推断

It will improve their financial situation. 把改善财务状况说成学院决定的结果; 原文里 in an effort to save money 是州长想 "为州里省钱" 才提出外包的动机, 并未说不外包能改善学院财务。

47. What does the campus spending analysis reveal?

- A) Private companies play a big role in campus management.
- B) Facilities management by colleges is more cost-effective.
- C) Facilities management has greatly improved in recent years.
- D) Colleges exercise full control over their own financial affairs.

校园支出分析揭示了什么?

- A) 私营企业在校园管理中发挥着重要作用。 B) 由学院进行设施管理更具成本效益。
- C) 近年来设施管理已有很大改善。 D) 学院对自身财务事务拥有完全的控制权。

【答案】 B (细节题)

【判型】 What does the campus spending analysis reveal? 问的是分析揭示了什么客观事实, 仍属对原文结论句的转述。

【拆句】 What does the campus spending analysis reveal? 是 What 作宾语前置的特殊疑问句, 主语是 the campus spending analysis, 谓语 reveal; 结构清晰, 无陷阱。

【定位】 outgoing Chancellor John Morgan said an internal analysis showed that each campus' spending on facilities management fell well below the industry standards identified by the state.

即将离任的校长 John Morgan 说, 一份内部分析显示, 每一所校园在设施管理上的开支都远低于该州认定的行业标准。

【选项】 A) 与原文相反

Private companies play a big role in campus management. 与原文方向直接相反——分析得出的结论恰恰是 "不需要外包给私企", raising the question of the value of pursuing a broad scale outsourcing initiative 是在反问外包的必要性。

B) ✓ 正确

each campus' spending on facilities management fell well below the industry standards ↔

Facilities management by colleges is more cost-effective.

"开支低于业内标准 + 学院自己在管" 两段信息合起来就是 "由学院来管反而更省钱", 与选项 Facilities management by colleges is more cost-effective. 完全等值。

C) 无中生有

Facilities management has greatly improved in recent years. 中 in recent years 的时间纵向比较, 全文没有任何依据; 原文只做 "当前校园开支 vs 当前业内标准" 的横向比较, 未涉及历史改进。

D) 以偏概全

Colleges exercise full control over their own financial affairs. 中 full control over financial affairs 的全权说法在原文没依据; 原文只谈一笔具体开支 (设施管理) 低于业内标准, 并未谈学院整体财权的归属。

48. Workers' supporters argue that Bill Haslam's proposal would _____.

- A) deprive colleges of the right to manage their facilities
- B) make workers less motivated in performing duties
- C) render a number of campus workers jobless
- D) lead to the privatization of campus facilities

工人支持者认为Bill Haslam的提案将_____。

- A) 剥夺学院管理其设施的权利
- B) 使工人履行职责的积极性降低
- C) 导致一些校园工人失业
- D) 导致校园设施私有化

【答案】 C (细节题)

【判型】 Workers' supporters argue that Bill Haslam's proposal would _____. 留空让你补出 Workers' supporters 的论点内容, 即原文对应论点的同义转述。

【拆句】 Workers' supporters argue that Bill Haslam's proposal would _____. 是一个简单复合句: 主句主语 Workers' supporters, 谓语 argue; that 引导宾语从句, 从句里 Bill Haslam's proposal 作主语、would 后接选项补出的动词原形; 结构平铺直叙, 无陷阱。

【定位】 Workers' advocates have criticized Haslam's plan, saying it would mean some campus workers would lose their jobs or benefits.

工人权益倡导者批评 Haslam 的方案, 称这会意味着一些校园工人失去工作或福利。

【选项】 A) 与原文相反

deprive colleges of the right to manage their facilities 把后果说成 "剥夺学院自管权", 原文 Haslam has said colleges would be free to opt in or out of the outsourcing plan 反而强调学校可自由进出。

B) 偷换概念

make workers less motivated in performing duties 提到 "工作积极性下降", 原文从未谈及 motivation 维度; 倡导者担心的是 "失业 / 失福利" 这种实体损失, 不是士气。

C) ✓ 正确

some campus workers would lose their jobs or benefits ↔

render a number of campus workers jobless

原文给的是 "丢工作 OR 丢福利" 两个并列后果, 选项 render a number of campus workers jobless 命中其中 "丢工作" 这一支; 六级选 "原文也直说过" 的那一项, 没毛病。

D) 答非所问

lead to the privatization of campus facilities 把 "私有化校园设施" 说成倡导者批评的后果; 但 privatize 本来就是 Haslam 计划本身 (Governor Bill Haslam's proposal to privatize management of state buildings), 不是倡导者另外担心的后果。

49. What do we learn from the state spokeswoman's response to John Morgan's decision?

- A) The outsourcing plan is not yet finalized.
- B) The outsourcing plan will be implemented.
- C) The state officials are confident about the outsourcing plan.
- D) The college spending analysis justifies the outsourcing plan.

从州政府女发言人对**John Morgan**决定的回应中我们了解到什么?

- A) 外包计划尚未最终确定。 B) 外包计划将会实施。 C) 州政府官员对外包计划充满信心。
- D) 学院支出分析证明外包计划是合理的。

【答案】 **A** (细节题)

【判型】 What do we learn from the state spokeswoman's response to John Morgan's decision? 问的是发言人回应中我们读到了什么客观事实, 仍是原文转述。

【拆句】 What do we learn from the state spokeswoman's response to John Morgan's decision? 是特殊疑问句, from 引出短语作状语, 里面 the state spokeswoman's response 是核心名词, 后跟 to John Morgan's decision 的介词短语作后置修饰, 限定是 "对谁的决定的回应"; 结构平铺直叙, 无陷阱。

【定位】 The state's facilities management project team is still in the process of developing its business justification and expects to have that completed and available to the public at the end of February. At this time there is nothing to take action on since the analysis has yet to be completed.

州里负责设施管理项目的团队仍在制定其业务可行性报告，预计 2 月底完成并对外公开。眼下没有可执行的事项，因为分析还没完成。

【选项】 A) ✓ 正确

The state's facilities management project team is still in the process of developing its business justification

↔ **The outsourcing plan is not yet finalized.**

Haslam has said colleges would be free to opt in or out of the outsourcing plan, which has not been finalized.

↔ **The outsourcing plan is not yet finalized.**

发言人原话强调 "仍在制定 / 没东西可执行"，与第 4 段 which has not been finalized 完全合拍，对应选项 The outsourcing plan is not yet finalized.。

B) 过度推断

The outsourcing plan will be implemented. 把 "将会实施" 当作发言人态度，原文反而是 At this time there is nothing to take action on——现在无可执行，并未承诺一定实施。

C) 无中生有

The state officials are confident about the outsourcing plan. 用 confident 强加情绪色彩，原文发言人通篇是 "还在做、还没定" 的中性陈述，未现任何信心表态。

D) 与原文相反

The college spending analysis justifies the outsourcing plan. 让学院开支分析去 "证成外包"，与第 2 段 fell well below the industry standards 给出的结论方向相反——分析得出的是 "无需外包"。

50. Why did John Morgan decide to resign?

- A) He had lost confidence in the Tennessee state government.
- B) He disagreed with the governor on higher education policies.
- C) He thought the state's outsourcing proposal was simply unworkable.
- D) He opposed the governor's plan to reconstruct the college board system.

John Morgan为什么决定辞职？

- A) 他对田纳西州政府失去了信心。
- B) 他在高等教育政策上与州长意见不一致。
- C) 他认为州政府的外包提案根本行不通。
- D) 他反对州长重建学院董事会系统的计划。

【答案】 D (细节题)

【判型】 Why did John Morgan decide to resign? 问的是原因，原文有 because of 显式给出，属对原因句的转述。

【拆句】 Why did John Morgan decide to resign? 是 Why 起手的特殊疑问句，结构平铺直叙，decide to resign 是 "动词 + 不定式" 的常规搭配；无陷阱。

【定位】 Morgan said last week that he would retire at the end of January because of the governor's proposal to split off six universities of the Board of Regents system and create separate governing boards for each of them.

Morgan 上周说他将在 1 月底退休，原因是州长提议把董事会系统下的 6 所大学拆出来，各自成立独立的治理委员会。

【选项】 A) 以偏概全

He had lost confidence in the Tennessee state government. 把原因从 "反对州长某具体方案" 扩大成 "对州政府整体失去信心"，原文从未谈及他对州政府整体的信任状态。

B) 以偏概全

He disagreed with the governor on higher education policies. 中 higher education policies 是复数泛指 "高等教育政策" 整体；原文 Morgan's comments on outsourcing mark the second time this month that he has come out against one of Haslam's plans 只表明 "第二次反对州长其中一项方案"，仍是单一政策维度。

C) 张冠李戴

He thought the state's outsourcing proposal was simply unworkable. 把辞职原因说成 "觉得外包方案不可行"，但原文 In his resignation letter, Morgan called the reorganization "unworkable". 中 unworkable 修饰的是 the reorganization (重组) 而不是 outsourcing；辞职原因明确是 because of the governor's proposal to split off six universities，即重组，不是外包。

D) ✓ 正确

because of the governor's proposal to split off six universities of the Board of Regents system and create separate governing boards for each of them

↔ He opposed the governor's plan to reconstruct the college board system.

原文交代他辞职的直接原因就是州长这一拆分提案，辞职这个行为本身即 oppose 的最强表达，与选项 He opposed the governor's plan to reconstruct the college board system. 等值。

SENTENCE INSIGHTS • 句子精讲

2 句真题句逐层精讲

下列真题句各有独立的句子解析页——中文翻译、结构树逐层拆解、成分与时态、考点讲解与真题高频词。点击句子进入完整解析。

"While these numbers are still being validated by the state, we feel any adjustments they might suggest will be immaterial," Morgan wrote to the presidents.

第3段，第1句

引述动词 + 直接引语、省略 that 的宾语从句、插入式定语从句、让步状语从句、情态动词结构、被动语态进行时，均为四六级和考研真题中的高频句式组合，掌握后可大量迁移到新闻报道、学术引述等语境。

Why did John Morgan decide to resign?

第50题 题干

特殊疑问句是常见句式，助动词提前、不定式作宾语都是高频考点，具有较强的代表性和复用性。

HIGH-FREQUENCY · 真题高频词

本篇出现的 75 个英语六级真题高频词

下列单词既在本篇真题中出现，又是 **英语六级** 历年真题的高频词（在该考试真题中出现的句子数均不少于 8）。每个词标注本篇 出现次数与该考试真题句频，点击可查看该词的释义、音标、词形与真题例句。

outsourcing C1

n. 外包（将业务转给外部公司）

本篇10次 · 真题 10 句

management B1

n. 管理

本篇8次 · 真题 63 句

campus B1

n. （大学或学院的）校园

本篇8次 · 真题 40 句

analysis B2

n. 分析

本篇7次 · 真题 49 句

facility B2

n. 设施

本篇7次 · 真题 27 句

system A2

n. 系统

本篇6次 · 真题 176 句

would A1

aux. (will 的过去式) 将要, 会

本篇5次 · 真题 568 句

spending A2

n. 开支

本篇5次 · 真题 41 句

proposal B2

n. 提议

本篇4次 · 真题 34 句

data B1

n. 数据

本篇3次 · 真题 181 句

community B1

n. 社区

本篇3次 · 真题 163 句

official B1

adj. 官方的

本篇3次 · 真题 37 句

technical B2

adj. 技术的

本篇3次 · 真题 23 句

financial B2

adj. 财政的

本篇2次 · 真题 79 句

email A2

n. 电子邮件

本篇2次 · 真题 53 句

opt B2

v. 选择

本篇2次 · 真题 18 句

less A1

det. 较少的

本篇1次 · 真题 273 句

benefit B1

n. 好处

本篇1次 · 真题 244 句

base A2

n. 基础

本篇1次 · 真题 126 句

process B1

n. 过程

本篇1次 · 真题 126 句

finding B2

n. 调查结果

本篇1次 · 真题 121 句

simply B1

adv. 仅仅, 只不过

本篇1次 · 真题 119 句

project A2

n. 项目

本篇1次·真题 116 句

argue B1

v. 争论

本篇1次·真题 106 句

policy B1

n. 政策

本篇1次·真题 103 句

demand B1

v. 坚决要求

本篇1次·真题 92 句

concern B1

v. 涉及

本篇1次·真题 88 句

customer A2

n. 顾客, 客户

本篇1次·真题 87 句

identify B1

v. 识别

本篇1次·真题 75 句

available A2

adj. 可获得的

本篇1次·真题 63 句

perform B1

v. 执行

本篇1次·真题 61 句

specific B2

adj. 具体的

本篇1次·真题 59 句

advocate B2

v. 拥护

本篇1次·真题 55 句

reveal B2

v. 揭示

本篇1次·真题 54 句

institution B2

n. 机构

本篇1次·真题 52 句

operate B1

v. 运转

本篇1次·真题 52 句

response B1

n. 回答

本篇1次·真题 52 句

appeal B2

v. 呼吁

本篇1次·真题 48 句

expense B1

n. 花费

本篇1次 · 真题 46 句

commercial B2

adj. 商业的

本篇1次 · 真题 43 句

pursue B2

v. 追求

本篇1次 · 真题 43 句

department A2

n. 部门

本篇1次 · 真题 41 句

possibility B1

n. 可能性

本篇1次 · 真题 35 句

scale B1

n. 规模

本篇1次 · 真题 32 句

statement B1

n. 声明

本篇1次 · 真题 30 句

broad B1

adj. 宽阔的

本篇1次 · 真题 29 句

obtain B2

v. 获得

本篇1次 · 真题 29 句

comment B1

n. 评论

本篇1次 · 真题 28 句

confidence B1

n. 信心

本篇1次 · 真题 28 句

implement B2

v. 实施

本篇1次 · 真题 28 句

analyze B2

v. 分析

本篇1次 · 真题 27 句

greatly B1

adv. 非常

本篇1次 · 真题 27 句

initiative B2

n. 主动性

本篇1次 · 真题 25 句

oppose B2

v. 反对

本篇1次 · 真题 21 句

reject B2

v. 拒绝接受

本篇1次·真题 20 句

justify B2

v. 证明...有道理

本篇1次·真题 19 句

internal B2

adj. 内部的

本篇1次·真题 17 句

deprive B2

v. 剥夺

本篇1次·真题 16 句

neglect B2

v. 忽视;疏忽

本篇1次·真题 16 句

originally B1

adv. 起初

本篇1次·真题 16 句

render B2

v. 使成为

本篇1次·真题 16 句

bolster C1

v. 支持

本篇1次·真题 15 句

criticize B2

v. 批评

本篇1次·真题 14 句

faculty B2

n. (大学的) 系, 院

本篇1次·真题 14 句

outgoing B2

adj. 外向的

本篇1次·真题 14 句

efficiently B2

adv. 高效地

本篇1次·真题 13 句

administration B2

n. 管理

本篇1次·真题 12 句

affair B2

n. 事务

本篇1次·真题 12 句

disagree A2

v. 不同意

本篇1次·真题 12 句

retire B1

v. 退休

本篇1次·真题 12 句

supporter B1

n. 支持者

本篇1次 · 真题 12 句

focused B1

adj. 集中注意力的

本篇1次 · 真题 11 句

motivated B1

adj. 有积极性的

本篇1次 · 真题 11 句

adjustment B2

n. 调整

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

validate C1

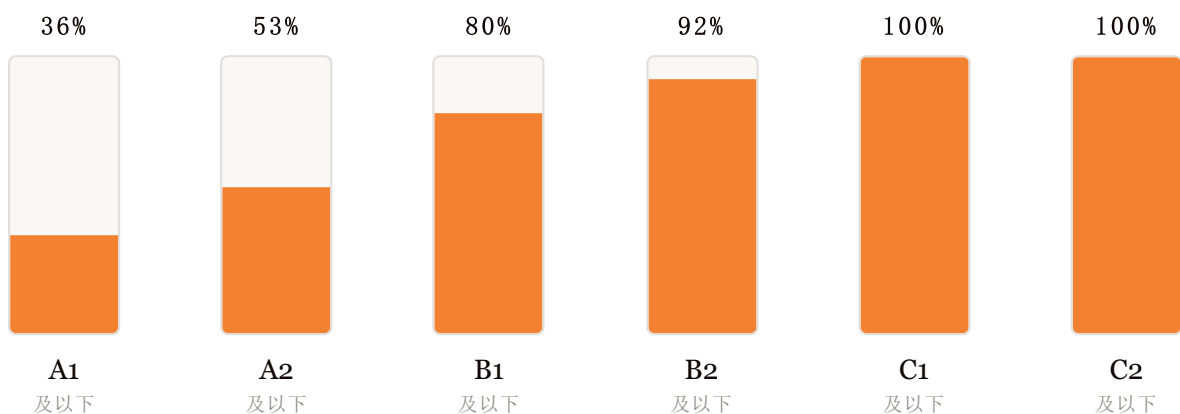
v. 证实

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

VOCABULARY · 词汇难度分布

全文 205 词按 CEFR 难度累积覆盖

全文去重后共 **205** 个单词，按欧框 CEFR 等级统计。每根柱表示「该等级及以下」的累积占比（CDF），最右一柱为 100%。B2 以上（C1/C2）为高阶词，本篇共 16 个 · 约 8%。



每柱为「按 CEFR 等级及以下」的累积覆盖率（CDF）· 数据为全文去重词 205 个 · 末柱为 100%

去重总词数

205

B2 以上难词

8%

B1 及以下覆盖

80%

英语六级 2017年6月·第3套 · 全卷构成

Part I	写作	题目解析 →
Part II	听力	与2017年6月第1套共用 · 题目解析 →
Part III Section A	完形填空（选词填空）	题目解析 →
Part III Section B	长篇阅读（信息匹配）	题目解析 →
Part III Section C (1)	阅读理解（四选一）	本题
Part III Section C (2)	阅读理解（四选一）	题目解析 →
Part IV	汉译英（段落翻译）	题目解析 →