

2026年6月·第3套 英语四级长篇阅读（信息匹配）第1篇·36-45 题答案与解析

STATEMENTS & ANALYSIS • 信息匹配题和解析

信息匹配题和解析·36-45 题

本页 36-45 题的段落匹配答案与逐句解析由懒笔记基于2026年6月·第3套 英语四级长篇阅读（信息匹配）原卷逐题核对整理。与试卷排版同一卷面：先是 Directions 与 11 段字母标号长文（逐段附中文翻译）；之后 10 句陈述逐句排列，每句英文陈述后紧接本句解析——陈述句中译、信息所在段落、锚点强弱、定位句中英对照、陈述句与原文的同义改写对照与易混相邻段辨析。

真题卷第3套(2026-06) • 英语四级

Part III Section B

Directions: In this section, you are going to read a passage with ten statements attached to it. Each statement contains information given in one of the paragraphs. Identify the paragraph from which the information is derived. You may choose a paragraph more than once. Each paragraph is marked with a letter. Answer the questions by marking the corresponding letter on **Answer Sheet 2**.

Giving a better phone interview

A) These days, phone interviews are an unavoidable part of the job interview process, and for good reason: They save time and effort. But that doesn't mean that phone calls require zero energy on the part of the candidate. Many companies treat phone screening as the official first round of the hiring process. That means candidates are expected to go into them prepared with as much information as possible about the company, position, and their own skills and strengths.

如今，电话面试已成为求职面试流程中不可避免的一部分，而且理由很充分：它们能够节省时间和精力。但这并不意味着电话面试不需要候选人付出任何努力。许多公司把电话筛选视为招聘流程的正式第一轮。这意味着，候选人应当做好充分准备，尽可能多地掌握有关公司、职位以及自身技能和优势的信息。

B) A big mistake people often make is talking about their personal lives. Don't talk about your personal life unless you're directly asked a question about what you like to do in your off-hours. "The point of a phone interview is to focus on getting to know a candidate's professional experience and goals," says Mckenzie Roark, campus talent specialist at Lithko Contracting. "A recruiter is trying to see if they are the best fit for a role, and learning about their personal life doesn't help. For example, when asked where you see yourself in five years, we don't want to know that you hope to be married or that you want to buy a new house. That is nice, but that isn't relative to anything professional."

人们常犯的一个大错误是谈论自己的私生活。除非对方直接问及你在业余时间喜欢做什么，否则不要谈论自己的私生活。Lithko Contracting 的校园人才专员 Mckenzie Roark 说：“电话面试的重点是了解候选人的职业经历和目标。招聘人员想要判断候选人是否最适合某个职位，而了解其私生活并没有

帮助。例如，当我们问你希望自己五年后处于什么状态时，我们不想知道你希望那时已经结婚，或者想买一套新房。这些当然都很好，但与职业方面没有关系。”

- C) It might be tempting to cross something off your to-do list while on a phone interview, but recruiters and hiring managers can easily tell if your attention is elsewhere. Many interviewers are annoyed to see people who decide to multitask while on the phone interview. There are candidates who wash dishes, go for walks, or do grocery shopping during the interview. Needless to say, this doesn't reflect well on your level of interest in the position you're interviewing for.

在电话面试时，你可能会想顺便完成待办事项中的某一项，但招聘人员和招聘经理很容易看出你的注意力是否放在别处。许多面试官都对那些决定在电话面试期间一心多用的人感到恼火。有些候选人会在面试时洗碗、散步或买菜。不用说，这并不能很好地体现你对所应聘职位的兴趣程度。

- D) The question regarding pay is also best avoided. To be frank, it's simply too early in the process for you to be the one who brings up salary expectations. "Chances are if a candidate is participating in a phone interview, this is the first time they have talked with the company, and the first call isn't the appropriate time to talk about 'what's in it for you,'" says Justina Strnad, the Talent Acquisition Manager for Shiftgig. "Trust me, if you are a great candidate and make it to the next step, the hiring team is going to be very transparent about what's in it for you later on."

关于薪酬的问题也最好避免提出。坦率地说，现在还处于流程的早期阶段，不适合由你主动提出薪资预期。Shiftgig 人才招聘经理 Justina Strnad 说：“如果候选人正在参加电话面试，很可能这是他们第一次与公司交谈，而第一次通话并不适合讨论‘这对你有什么好处’。相信我，如果你是一名优秀的候选人，并且进入了下一阶段，招聘团队之后会非常透明地告诉你能得到什么。”

- E) "After wrapping up a phone interview, it is typical that the interviewer will ask the candidate if they have any questions. I can't stress this enough: ALWAYS ask questions," says Roark. "If we have had a great phone interview and then we wrap up and they don't have any questions for me, it pretty much ruins the whole interview. It tells me that the candidate is uninterested in the role, which in reality might not be the case at all," she notes. But surely, if you're interested in a job, you can think of something to ask your interviewer.

Roark 说：“电话面试结束时，面试官通常会问候选人是否有任何问题。我再怎么强调也不为过：一定要提问。如果我们进行了一次很棒的电话面试，最后结束时对方却没有任何问题要问我，那几乎会毁掉整个面试。这会让我觉得候选人对这个职位不感兴趣，而实际上可能完全不是这样。”不过，如果你确实对一份工作感兴趣，肯定能想到一些问题来询问面试官。

- F) It seems basic, but surprisingly, a lot of people are late to phone interviews. "About a quarter of the people with whom I schedule phone interviews aren't on time," says Sophie Cikovsky, who handles U.S. recruiting for Infinite Global. "While this bothers me personally, it's also indicative of someone who isn't very detail-oriented," she explains. "In order to identify this early in the hiring process, I started asking all candidates a few years ago to call me as opposed to calling them at an agreed-upon time. That way, if I hear from them at 1:13 p.m. or 12:49 p.m. instead of our planned 1:00 p.m. interview time, I have an early indicator that they might not be a great fit."

这似乎是基本要求，但令人意外的是，很多人参加电话面试时会迟到。负责 Infinite Global 美国招聘工作的 Sophie Cikovsky 说：“和我约定电话面试的人中，大约有四分之一无法准时参加。”她解释说：“虽然这件事让我个人感到恼火，但它也说明这个人可能不太注重细节。为了在招聘流程早期发现这一点，几年前我开始要求所有候选人在约定时间打电话给我，而不是由我打给他们。这样一来，如

果我在下午1点13分或中午12点49分接到他们的电话，而不是在原定的下午1点面试时间接到，我就能及早判断他们可能并不十分适合这个职位。”

- G) "Make sure you test your headset and connection before dialing in," recommends Roark. "There is nothing more frustrating for a recruiter who has a structured interview guide in place having to repeatedly ask the same question over and over because they could not understand your answer due to dropped signals." Test-call a friend beforehand, or even call yourself from a landline if necessary; it will take less than a minute.

Roark 建议：“拨入电话前，务必测试耳机和连接状况。对于一名已经准备好结构化面试提纲的招聘人员来说，最令人沮丧的事情莫过于由于信号中断而听不清你的回答，只能一遍又一遍地重复询问同一个问题。”事先给朋友打个测试电话，或者必要时用座机给自己打电话；这不会花费超过一分钟。

- H) You might be eager to get your point across or talk about your experience, but interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude. "Interviewing can be stressful, and sometimes that stress manifests itself in speaking too fast, speaking too loud, talking over the interviewer, or attempting to answer the interviewer's question before they have actually finished asking the question," says Chris Dardis, a recruiting expert. "Don't do this." There's a big difference between being assertive(自信的) and being aggressive, and interviewers can always recognize it.

你可能急于表达自己的观点或谈论自己的经历，但打断面试官既尴尬又无礼。招聘专家 Chris Dardis 说：“面试可能会令人紧张，而这种压力有时会表现为说话过快、声音过大、打断面试官，或者在面试官还没有真正问完问题之前就试图回答。不要这样做。”自信与咄咄逼人之间存在很大差别，面试官总能分辨出来。

- I) It's tough not to say things like "um," "uh," and "like" in everyday speech, but these verbal habits become much more pronounced when speaking on the phone, says Dardis. "In face-to-face interviews, they're not as noticeable, because there are other things like your hair, suit, or body language to distract people." But in a phone interview, the only thing you have to go on is what you say and how you say it. "That's why it's so important to eliminate these words from your speech when doing a phone interview."

Dardis 说，在日常谈话中，人们很难不说“嗯”“呃”和“就是”之类的话，但用电话交谈时，这些口头习惯会明显得多。“在面对面面试中，这些表达没有那么引人注目，因为还有头发、西装或肢体语言之类的其他因素会分散人们的注意力。”但在电话面试中，你能依靠的只有你说了什么以及你是如何表达的。“因此，进行电话面试时，从谈话中去掉这些词语非常重要。”

- J) Not knowing anything about the company or job you're interviewing for is way more obvious than you'd think. "Many people think that they don't have to put as much effort into researching the role or the company," says Steve Pritchard, an HR consultant. And if you have your laptop in front of you during the interview to do a few quick searches, they won't know the difference, right? Not exactly. "Seasoned interviewers will know whether an interviewee is researching while on the phone. The interviewer can often even hear the typing as they ask the question," he adds.

对所面试的公司或职位一无所知，其明显程度远超你的想象。人力资源顾问 Steve Pritchard 说：“许多人认为，他们不必花太多精力去了解职位或公司。”而且，如果面试时你把笔记本电脑放在面前，快速搜索几项信息，他们不会察觉其中的区别，对吧？并非如此。“经验丰富的面试官会知道面试者是否在通话时进行搜索。面试官提问时，甚至常常能听到你打字的声音。”他补充道。

K) "The key to success during a phone interview is clear and concise answers," says Dardis. "People's attention spans tend to be shorter over the phone. You don't want your future employer to lose interest in the conversation." He recommends practicing answers to questions you know will be asked ahead of time in order to be clear on what you're going to say. That way, you can prevent talking in an aimless manner.

Dardis 说：“电话面试取得成功的关键是回答清晰、简洁。人们在电话中的注意力持续时间往往更短。你不希望未来的雇主对这场谈话失去兴趣。”他建议，提前练习那些你知道面试官会提出的问题的回答，以便明确自己要说什么。这样一来，你就能避免漫无目的地讲话。

陈述句与逐句解析

36. Interviewees are advised not to ask questions about pay during a phone interview.

建议面试者不要在电话面试期间询问薪酬问题。

【答案】 **D** 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 questions about pay

【定位】 The question regarding pay is also best avoided. To be frank, it's simply too early in the process for you to be the one who brings up salary expectations. "Chances are if a candidate is participating in a phone interview, this is the first time they have talked with the company, and the first call isn't the appropriate time to talk about 'what's in it for you,'" says Justina Strnad, the Talent Acquisition Manager for Shiftgig.

关于薪资的问题也最好避开。坦率地说，现在就让求职者主动提出薪资期望还为时过早。‘如果候选人正在参加电话面试，这很可能是他们第一次与公司交谈，第一次通话并不是讨论‘这对你有什么好处’的合适时机，’Shiftgig的人才招聘经理Justina Strnad说。

【改写】 not ask questions about pay ↔ **The question regarding pay is also best avoided**

同义改写：not ask → best avoided

during a phone interview ↔ **if a candidate is participating in a phone interview 与 the first call**

场景锁定：电话面试初次通话

37. Experienced interviewers will know if an applicant is searching for information online while talking on the phone.

经验丰富的面试官会知道申请人在通话时是否正在上网查找信息。

【答案】 **J** 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 Experienced interviewers / searching online

【定位】 "Seasoned interviewers will know whether an interviewee is researching while on the phone. The interviewer can often even hear the typing as they ask the question," he adds.

经验丰富的面试官会知道应聘者是否在通话时查资料。面试官甚至常常能在提问时听到打字声，’他补充道。

【改写】 Experienced interviewers ↔ Seasoned interviewers

同义词替换

searching for information online ↔ researching while on the phone

同义短语 + 场景化

will know if an applicant is searching for information ↔

will know whether an interviewee is researching

句式压缩

【辨邻】 A prepared with as much information as possible 强调面试前要主动搜集信息；而题干说的是'通话中在线搜索'，这是 researching while on the phone，两段时间点不同。

candidates are expected to go into them prepared with as much information as possible about the company, position, and their own skills and strengths

38. Many employers regard the phone interview as the first step of the official recruiting process.

许多雇主将电话面试视为正式招聘流程的第一步。

【答案】 A 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 first step of the official recruiting process

【定位】 Many companies treat phone screening as the official first round of the hiring process.

许多公司把电话筛选视为招聘流程的正式第一轮。

【改写】 Many employers ↔ Many companies

同义替换

the phone interview ↔ phone screening

同义替换 / 上下位

the first step of the official recruiting process ↔ the official first round of the hiring process

同义改写：step→round, recruiting→hiring

39. Applicants who don't ask questions at the end of an interview most probably ruin their chance of getting the position.

面试结束时不提问的申请人很可能会葬送自己获得该职位的机会。

【答案】 E 段（弱锚点）

【锚点】 don't ask questions at the end

【定位】 "If we have had a great phone interview and then we wrap up and they don't have any questions for me, it pretty much ruins the whole interview. It tells me that the candidate is uninterested in the role, which in reality might not be the case at all," she notes.

如果我们进行了一次很棒的电话面试，然后结束收尾时他们对我没有任何问题，那基本上就毁了整场面试。这告诉我候选人对这个职位不感兴趣，而现实中可能根本不是这样，'她说。

【改写】 don't ask questions at the end of an interview ↔

wrap up and they don't have any questions for me

场景 + 否定对应

most probably ruin their chance of getting the position ↔

it pretty much ruins the whole interview 与 the candidate is uninterested in the role

结果对应 + 因果展开

40. The interviewee should test their phone connection before they call the interviewer.

面试者应在给面试官打电话前测试自己的电话连接。

【答案】 G 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 test their phone connection

【定位】 "Make sure you test your headset and connection before dialing in," recommends Roark.

"There is nothing more frustrating for a recruiter who has a structured interview guide in place having to repeatedly ask the same question over and over because they could not understand your answer due to dropped signals." Test-call a friend beforehand, or even call yourself from a landline if necessary; it will take less than a minute.

罗克建议：'务必在拨入前测试你的耳机和连接。对于已经准备好结构化面试指南的招聘人员来说，没有什么比因为信号中断而反复问同一个问题更令人沮丧的了。'提前给朋友打个测试电话，必要时甚至用座机给自己打；这花不到一分钟。

【改写】 The interviewee should test their phone connection ↔

Make sure you test your headset and connection

同义改写：phone connection → headset and connection

before they call the interviewer ↔ **before dialing in**

同义替换：call → dial in

41. It is annoying to the interviewer to find the applicant doing other tasks while being interviewed.

面试时发现申请人在做其他事情会令面试官感到恼火。

【答案】 C 段（弱锚点）

【锚点】 doing other tasks

【定位】 It might be tempting to cross something off your to-do list while on a phone interview, but recruiters and hiring managers can easily tell if your attention is elsewhere. Many interviewers are annoyed to see people who decide to multitask while on the phone interview. There are candidates who wash dishes, go for walks, or do grocery shopping during the interview.

在电话面试时顺便划掉待办事项可能很诱人，但招聘人员和用人经理很容易看出你的注意力是否在别处。许多面试官对有人在电话面试时决定一心多用感到恼火。有候选人在面试时洗碗、散步或采购杂货。

【改写】 doing other tasks while being interviewed ↔

multitask while on the phone interview 与 wash dishes, go for walks, or do grocery shopping during the interview

概括 → 具体化

annoying to the interviewer ↔ **Many interviewers are annoyed**

情感态度对应

42. To pass a phone interview, the most important thing is to answer questions clearly and concisely.

要通过电话面试，最重要的是清楚而简洁地回答问题。

【答案】 K 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 answer questions clearly and concisely

【定位】 "The key to success during a phone interview is clear and concise answers," says Dardis.

"People's attention spans tend to be shorter over the phone. You don't want your future employer to lose interest in the conversation." He recommends practicing answers to questions you know will be asked ahead of time in order to be clear on what you're going to say. That way, you can prevent talking in an aimless manner.

达迪斯说：'电话面试成功的关键是清晰简洁的回答。人们在电话中的注意力往往更短。你不想让未来雇主对谈话失去兴趣。'他建议提前练习那些你知道会被问到的问题，以便清楚自己要说什么。这样你就能避免漫无目的地说话。

【改写】 To pass a phone interview ↔ **success during a phone interview**

同义替换：pass → success

the most important thing is to answer questions clearly and concisely ↔

The key to success during a phone interview is clear and concise answers

同义改写：most important thing → key, clearly and concisely → clear and concise

【辨邻】 **H** interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude 与 speaking too fast, speaking too loud 都涉及电话中的口头表现，但讲的是礼貌与语速音量；题干问的是回答要'清晰简洁'，这是 clear and concise answers 的内容。

interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude

43. If you fail to call the interviewer on time, they might not see you as a suitable candidate.

如果未能按时给面试官打电话，他们可能不会认为你是合适的候选人。

【答案】 **F** 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 call the interviewer on time

【定位】 "About a quarter of the people with whom I schedule phone interviews aren't on time," says Sophie Cikovsky, who handles U.S. recruiting for Infinite Global. "While this bothers me personally, it's also indicative of someone who isn't very detail-oriented," she explains. "In order to identify this early in the hiring process, I started asking all candidates a few years ago to call me as opposed to calling them at an agreed-upon time. That way, if I hear from them at 1:13 p.m. or 12:49 p.m. instead of our planned 1:00 p.m. interview time, I have an early indicator that they might not be a great fit."

无限环球美国招聘负责人索菲·西科夫斯基说：'我安排电话面试的人中大约有四分之一不准时。虽然这让我个人很烦，但也说明这个人不太注重细节。为了在招聘早期识别这一点，几年前我开始让所有候选人给我打电话，而不是我在约定时间给他们打。这样，如果他们在下午1:13或12:49联系我，而不是我们约定的下午1:00，我就有一个早期指标表明他们可能不太合适。'

【改写】 fail to call the interviewer on time ↔

aren't on time 与 call me as opposed to calling them at an agreed-upon time

同义改写 + 主被动转换

they might not see you as a suitable candidate ↔ **might not be a great fit**

同义替换：suitable candidate → great fit

44. Applicants should avoid talking about their personal lives if the interviewer has only asked about their professional background and goals.

如果面试官只询问了申请人的职业背景和目标，申请人就应避免谈论自己的个人生活。

【答案】 **B** 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 personal lives / professional background and goals

【定位】 "The point of a phone interview is to focus on getting to know a candidate's professional experience and goals," says McKenzie Roark, campus talent specialist at Lithko Contracting. "A recruiter is trying to see if they are the best fit for a role, and learning about their personal life doesn't help. For example, when asked where you see yourself in five years, we don't want to know that you hope to be married or that you want to buy a new house. That is nice, but that isn't relative to anything professional."

Lithko Contracting校园人才专家麦肯齐·罗克说：'电话面试的重点是了解候选人的职业经历和目标。招聘人员想判断他们是否最适合该职位，而了解个人生活没有帮助。例如，当被问到五年后你看到自己在哪里时，我们不想知道你想结婚或想买新房。这很好，但与任何职业内容无关。'

【改写】 avoid talking about their personal lives ↔

Don't talk about your personal life 与 learning about their personal life doesn't help

同义改写: avoid → don't talk

if the interviewer has only asked about their professional background and goals ↔

focus on getting to know a candidate's professional experience and goals

同义替换: background → experience

45. It is impolite for an interviewee to interrupt the interviewer in the phone conversation.

面试者在电话交谈中打断面试官是不礼貌的。

【答案】 **H** 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 interrupt the interviewer

【定位】 You might be eager to get your point across or talk about your experience, but interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude. "Interviewing can be stressful, and sometimes that stress manifests itself in speaking too fast, speaking too loud, talking over the interviewer, or attempting to answer the interviewer's question before they have actually finished asking the question," says Chris Dardis, a recruiting expert. "Don't do this." There's a big difference between being assertive(自信的) and being aggressive, and interviewers can always recognize it.

你可能急于表达观点或谈论经验，但打断面试官既尴尬又粗鲁。招聘专家克里斯·达迪斯说：'面试可能有压力，有时这种压力表现为说话太快、太大声、打断面试官，或在面试官还没问完问题时就试图回答。不要这样做。'自信与咄咄逼人之间有很大区别，面试官总能识别出来。

【改写】 It is impolite for an interviewee to interrupt the interviewer ↔

interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude

同义改写: impolite → rude

in the phone conversation ↔ **Interviewing can be stressful... talking over the interviewer**

场景展开

【辨邻】 **K** clear and concise answers 与 prevent talking in an aimless manner 都涉及口头表达质量，但主题是内容简洁；题干问的是'打断面试官不礼貌'，这是 interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude。

The key to success during a phone interview is clear and concise answers

PARAGRAPH MAP • 段落主旨图

11 个段落各讲了什么

逐段一句主旨 + 该段最具区分度的「信息指纹」，是逐句回扫定位的工作台。

A 电话面试是招聘正式流程的第一轮，候选人必须充分准备。

信息指纹 official first round

B 不要谈论个人生活，应聚焦职业经历和目标。

信息指纹 personal life vs professional experience

C 电话面试时不要一心多用，否则会让面试官觉得你对职位不感兴趣。

信息指纹 multitask

D 不要在初次电话面试中主动提及薪资期望。

信息指纹 pay / salary

E 面试结尾一定要向面试官提问，否则会被视为不感兴趣。

信息指纹 ALWAYS ask questions

F 电话面试要准时，面试官可能让候选人主动打电话以测试时间观念。

信息指纹 call me as opposed to calling them

G 面试前要测试耳机和网络连接，避免信号中断。

信息指纹 test your headset and connection

H 不要打断面试官，自信与咄咄逼人之间有明确界限。

信息指纹 interrupting the interviewer

I 电话中要避免使用嗯、啊、like等口头禅。

信息指纹 um, uh, like

J 要提前了解公司和职位，不要在面试时现场搜索。

信息指纹 Seasoned interviewers

K

回答要清晰简洁，并提前练习常见问题的答案。

信息指纹

clear and concise answers

SENTENCE INSIGHTS • 句子精讲

28 句真题句逐层精讲

下列真题句各有独立的句子解析页——中文翻译、结构树逐层拆解、成分与时态、考点讲解与真题高频词。点击句子进入完整解析。

That means candidates are expected to go into them prepared with as much information as possible about the company, position, and their own skills and strengths.

A段，第4句

"That means + 从句" 以及 "be expected to do sth prepared with..." 均为各类英语考试阅读与写作中的高频典型句式，具有很高的迁移价值。

Don't talk about your personal life unless you're directly asked a question about what you like to do in your off-hours.

B段，第2句

"祈使句 + unless 条件状语从句 + 介词后接 what 引导宾语从句"是四六级与考研阅读中常见的警示、建议类典型句式，掌握后可高度迁移至同类写作与阅读理解中。

"The point of a phone interview is to focus on getting to know a candidate's professional experience and goals," says Mckenzie Roark, campus talent specialist at Lithko Contracting.

B段，第3句

"直接引语 + 谓语动词 + 说话人 + 同位语身份"是英语新闻报道和阅读理解中极具代表性的高频典型句式。

A recruiter is trying to see if they are the best fit for a role, and learning about their personal life doesn't help.

B段，第4句

“主句 + 宾语从句 + and + 动名词主语主句”的结构在各类四六级与考研英语阅读中极其常见，具备高度的句式迁移价值。

For example, when asked where you see yourself in five years, we don't want to know that you hope to be married or that you want to buy a new house.

B段，第5句

“当被问及……时，我们不想听到……”是四六级与考研英语阅读及写作中的高频典型句式，复用与迁移价值极高。

It might be tempting to cross something off your to-do list while on a phone interview, but recruiters and hiring managers can easily tell if your attention is elsewhere.

C段，第1句

"It is/might be + adj + to do" 形式主语句型与 "tell if..." 宾语从句结构均属于四六级与考研真题中高频出现的典型常考句式。

There are candidates who wash dishes, go for walks, or do grocery shopping during the interview.

C段，第3句

句式 "There are + 名词 + who 定语从句" 在四六级与考研英语阅读中高频出现，掌握后对于识别同类后置修饰结构有极高的迁移价值。

Needless to say, this doesn't reflect well on your level of interest in the position you're interviewing for.

C段，第4句

句首使用插入语过渡、后接主句并在句尾嵌入省略关系代词的定语从句，是各类英语考试与职场写作中高度高频且具代表性的句式。

"Chances are if a candidate is participating in a phone interview, this is the first time they have talked with the company, and the first call isn't the appropriate time to talk about 'what's in it for you,'" says Justina Strnad, the Talent Acquisition Manager for Shiftgig.

D段，第3句

包含了直接引语倒装、省略关系词的定语从句、固定句型 "Chances are" 与 "this is the first time..."、不定式作后置定语以及介词后接宾语从句等多种考研与四六级常考语法点，训练价值极高。

"After wrapping up a phone interview, it is typical that the interviewer will ask the candidate if they have any questions. I can't stress this enough: ALWAYS ask questions," says Roark.

E段，第1句

综合嵌套复杂度与高频典型句式特征，本句极具结构划分与语法推断的训练价值，推荐优先练习。

"If we have had a great phone interview and then we wrap up and they don't have any questions for me, it pretty much ruins the whole interview. It tells me that the candidate is uninterested in the role, which in reality might not be the case at all," she notes.

E段，第2句

综合来看，本句既训练了主干识别与引语框架拆解，又覆盖了复杂从句嵌套与多时态分析，结构典型、坑点密集，是提升长难句阅读与语法分析能力的优质训练材料。

But surely, if you're interested in a job, you can think of something to ask your interviewer.

E段，第3句

"转折连词 + 条件状语从句 + 主句（含情态动词 + 不定式后置修饰）"是各类英语考试阅读与写作中极高频出现的典型句式，具有很强的迁移价值。

"About a quarter of the people with whom I schedule phone interviews aren't on time," says Sophie Cikovsky, who handles U.S. recruiting for Infinite Global.

F段，第2句

“引语 + 谓语动词 + 说话人 + 非限定定语从句”是新闻报道与考研英语阅读文章中极具代表性的高频引用句式，迁移价值极高。

"While this bothers me personally, it's also indicative of someone who isn't very detail-oriented," she explains.

F段，第3句

直接引语加上 "While" 让步状语从句以及 "who" 限定性定语从句的组合在四六级和考研英语阅读中极具代表性，语法规律复用价值高。

In order to identify this early in the hiring process, I started asking all candidates a few years ago to call me as opposed to calling them at an agreed-upon time.

F段，第4句

句首前置状语加上“动词 + 动名词 + 不定式宾补”的句式在四六级与考研英语阅读中极具代表性，掌握该句型有助于提升对长状语和复合宾语结构的快速解构能力。

That way, if I hear from them at 1:13 p.m. or 12:49 p.m. instead of our planned 1:00 p.m. interview time, I have an early indicator that they might not be a great fit.

F段，第5句

‘条件从句 + 主句 + 抽象名词 + 同位语从句’是阅读理解与写作中极具代表性的常考复杂句式，掌握后可大量迁移至其他同类句型解析中。

You might be eager to get your point across or talk about your experience, but interrupting the interviewer is awkward and rude.

H段，第1句

采用典型的“情态动词表达心理/意图 + 转折连词 + 动名词短语作主语评价行为”的常考句式结构，在四六级与考研英语阅读写作中极具代表性。

But in a phone interview, the only thing you have to go on is what you say and how you say it.

I段，第3句

"the only thing ... is what ... and how ..." 是英语阅读与写作中高度典型的复合主系表结构，掌握后迁移价值极高。

"That's why it's so important to eliminate these words from your speech when doing a phone interview."

I段，第4句

"That's why..." 与 "It is + adj. + to do sth." 均为四六级及各类考试中高度高频、极其规范的经典句型。

"Many people think that they don't have to put as much effort into researching the role or the company," says Steve Pritchard, an HR consultant.

J段，第2句

"直接引语 + 倒装说话人说明（动词 + 主语 + 同位语身份）"是外刊报道和六级、考研阅读中最典型的引用句式之一，迁移复用价值极高。

"Seasoned interviewers will know whether an interviewee is researching while on the phone. The interviewer can often even hear the typing as they ask the question," he adds.

J段，第5句

直接引语结合宾语从句与状语从句的结构在四六级和考研阅读中极为常见，属于非常典型的报道性与阐述性真题句式。

People's attention spans tend to be shorter over the phone.

K段，第2句

句式 "主语 + tend to do + 介词短语状语" 是四六级与考研真题阅读中表达客观倾向与事实的典型常考句型，具有很高的复用与迁移价值。

He recommends practicing answers to questions you know will be asked ahead of time in order to be clear on what you're going to say.

K段，第4句

该句展现了真题中高频出现的“主句 + 动名词宾语 + 限制性定语从句 + 目的状语 + 介词宾语从句”组合，是典型的考研与四六级长难句模式。

Experienced interviewers will know if an applicant is searching for information online while talking on the phone.

第37题题干

“主句 + if 引导的宾语从句 + 时间/伴随状语”是阅读理解与听说表达中的高频典型句式，具有较高的迁移学习价值。

Many employers regard the phone interview as the first step of the official recruiting process.

第38题题干

该句涵盖了 "regard ... as ..." 这一高频考查的动词搭配结构，在英语阅读与写作中极具代表性和复用价值。

Applicants who don't ask questions at the end of an interview most probably ruin their chance of getting the position.

第39题题干

「名词 + 关系代词引导的定语从句 + 谓语 + 宾语」是各类英语考试长难句中极具代表性的高频句式，掌握后迁移复用价值极高。

The interviewee should test their phone connection before they call the interviewer.

第40题题干

“主句 + before / after / when + 从句”是各类英语考试（如四六级、考研）中极其高频的基础句式，掌握其结构分析具有很高的迁移价值。

If you fail to call the interviewer on time, they might not see you as a suitable candidate.

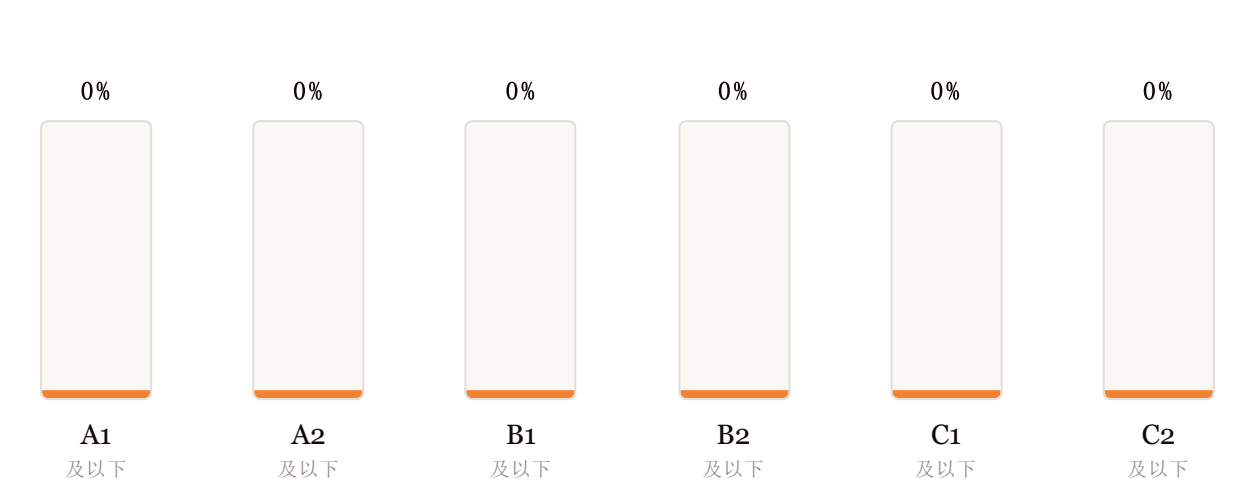
第43题 题干

句型 "If..., S + might/will..." 是各类英语考试中高频出现的典型条件句结构，同时 "see... as..." 也是极其通用的固定搭配，具有极高的迁移与应用价值。

VOCABULARY · 词汇难度分布

全文 0 词按 CEFR 难度累积覆盖

全文去重后共 0 个单词，按欧框 CEFR 等级统计。每根柱表示「该等级及以下」的累积占比（CDF），最右一柱为 100%。B2 以上（C1/C2）为高阶词，本篇共 0 个 · 约 0%。



每柱为「按 CEFR 等级及以下」的累积覆盖率（CDF）· 数据为全文去重词 0 个 · 末柱为 100%



英语四级 2026年6月·第3套 · 全卷构成

Part I	写作	题目解析 →
Part II	听力	与2026年6月第1套共用 · 题目解析 →
Part III Section A	完形填空（选词填空）	题目解析 →
Part III Section B	长篇阅读（信息匹配）	本题
Part III Section C (1)	阅读理解（四选一）	题目解析 →
Part III Section C (2)	阅读理解（四选一）	题目解析 →
Part IV	汉译英（段落翻译）	题目解析 →