

2023年6月·第3套 英语四级长篇阅读（信息匹配） 第1篇·36-45 题 答案与解析

STATEMENTS & ANALYSIS • 信息匹配题和解析

信息匹配题和解析·36-45 题

本页 36-45 题的段落匹配答案与逐句解析由懒笔记基于2023年6月·第3套 英语四级长篇阅读（信息匹配）原卷逐题核对整理。与试卷排版同一卷面：先是 Directions 与 12 段字母标号长文（逐段附中文翻译）；之后 10 句陈述逐句排列，每句英文陈述后紧接本句解析——陈述句中译、信息所在段落、锚点强弱、定位句中英对照、陈述句与原文的同义改写对照与易混相邻段辨析。

真题卷第3套(2023-06)·四级

Part III Section B

Directions: In this section, you are going to read a passage with ten statements attached to it. Each statement contains information given in one of the paragraphs. Identify the paragraph from which the information is derived. You may choose a paragraph more than once. Each paragraph is marked with a letter. Answer the questions by marking the corresponding letter on **Answer Sheet 2**.

A Club Where Lions Dance and Traditions Take Root

- A) The first thing you notice in the staircase to the fourth-floor studio on Canal Street in Manhattan, New York, is the measured thumping(嘤嘤声) coming from behind a metal door. Just beyond the entrance, large lion masks were twisting and turning to the drum-beat. On a recent Friday evening, the teenagers made their way across the studio floor as they practiced Chinese lion dancing.

在纽约曼哈顿Canal街通往四楼工作室的楼梯上,你首先注意到的是从一扇金属门后传来的有节奏的嘤嘤声。刚过入口处,巨大的狮头正随着鼓点扭动翻转。在最近的一个周五晚上,这些青少年在工作室地板上穿行,练习中国舞狮。

- B) "You want to play in a circle," Victor Fong, aged 24, told his students at the New York Chinese Freemasons Athletic Club. "Take it slow and do it again." The dance group, made up of 60 members, performs throughout the year but was now preparing for its biggest events, Chinese Lunar New Year celebrations, which will begin on Saturday and conclude on February 15. Teenagers comprise about half of the group, many of whom began lion dancing at the age of 14. About 100 current and past members of the dance group—which has been performing since 1956—will be among the 220 groups marching through Chinatown in Manhattan for the 18th Lunar New Year Parade on February 5.

"你们要围成一个圈来表演,"24岁的Victor Fong在纽约中华公所体育会对他的学生们说道。"慢慢来,再做一遍。"这个由60名成员组成的舞狮团全年都有演出,但现在正在为其最大的活动——中国农历新年庆祝活动做准备,庆祝活动将于周六开始并于2月15日结束。青少年约占该团体的一半,其中许多人从14岁就开始舞狮。这个自1956年以来一直在表演的舞狮团约有100名现任和往届成员,将加入2月5日在曼哈顿唐人街游行的220个团体,参加第18届农历新年游行。

- C) Mr. Fong has been involved in the organization since he was 15 and began teaching lion dancing three years ago. But the club also acts as a recreation center and safe haven(庇护所) for teenagers, with video games readily available. As many as 20 students show up after school. "The basic requirement for hanging out here is you have to learn how to lion dance," Mr. Fong said. While that is not a formal requirement for being a member, everyone finds a way to participate in the Lunar New Year Parade, whether it's by dancing, carrying a flag or beating a drum.

Fong先生从15岁起就参与这个组织,三年前开始教授舞狮。但这个俱乐部也充当着青少年的娱乐中心和庇护所,随时可以玩电子游戏。放学后多达20名学生会来这里。"在这里闲逛的基本要求是你必须学会舞狮,"Fong先生说。虽然这不是成为会员的正式要求,但每个人都会找到参与农历新年游行的方式,无论是通过舞狮、举旗还是打鼓。

- D) Alvin Chau, aged 26, is an environmental consultant by day and a lion dancer on weekends. He has been a club member for 10 years and joined because of an interest in lion dance. "We're a big family," he said, shaking hands with other members as they walked through the door. "You know everyone."

26岁的Alvin Chau白天是一名环境顾问,周末则是一名舞狮者。他已经是俱乐部成员10年了,因为对舞狮感兴趣而加入。"我们是一个大家庭,"他说道,当其他成员走进门时与他们握手。"你认识每一个人。"

- E) It is believed that the lion dance began in the third century. Stories vary about how lion dancing came to be, but most of them include a monster named Nian who would terrorize a village. The villagers finally banded together and scared the beast away with firecrackers(爆竹) and drums. While lions are not native to China, some versions of the story include the villagers creating a monster of their own in the shape of a lion to fight off the beast.

据信舞狮始于三世纪。关于舞狮如何产生的故事各不相同,但大多数都包含一个名叫年的怪兽,它会恐吓村庄。村民们最终团结起来,用爆竹和鼓声吓跑了这头野兽。虽然狮子并非中国本土动物,但该故事的某些版本包括村民们创造了一个狮子形状的怪兽来击退野兽。

- F) Today, the dancers travel across Chinatown going from business to business to bring good luck for the coming year. The new year—according to the Chinese lunar calendar—will begin on Saturday and marks the Year of the Rooster(鸡年), which is thought to be a symbol of positivity. "It's almost like the dark night is ending and the sun is coming up," said Ya Yung Teng, the digital collections coordinator for the Museum of Chinese in America. "It's hopeful that we're going to have a new day." Roosters and chickens are not particularly strong creatures, Ms. Teng said, but they are numerous. "In a way," she said, the rooster "stands for 'We the People.'"

如今,舞狮者穿行于唐人街,挨家挨户为来年带来好运。根据中国农历,新年将于周六开始,标志着鸡年的到来,鸡被认为是积极向上的象征。"这几乎就像黑夜即将结束,太阳正在升起,"美国华人博物馆数字馆藏协调员Ya Yung Teng说。"这让人充满希望,我们将迎来新的一天。"Teng女士说,公鸡和鸡并不是特别强壮的生物,但它们数量众多。"从某种意义上说,"她说,公鸡"代表着'我们人民'。"

- G) The lion head and tail are operated by two people. As one person controls the head, a second follows under a train of fabric representing the body. The dancers move in harmony as they imitate the animal's natural movements in the wild, including the aggressiveness of an attack. A lion head figure weighs under 10 pounds and sits squarely on the dancer's shoulders. Inside, the dancer

manipulates strings that open and close the lion's eyes, shake its ears and open its mouth to reveal a fire-orange tongue.

狮头和狮尾由两个人操作。一个人控制狮头,另一个人跟在代表身体的布料下面。舞者和谐地移动,模仿动物在野外的自然动作,包括攻击时的攻击性。一个狮头重量不到10磅,稳稳地架在舞者肩膀上。在里面,舞者操纵绳子来睁闭狮子的眼睛、摇动耳朵并张开嘴巴露出火橙色的舌头。

- H) "A good lion dancer will imitate a living creature," said Karlin Chan, aged 59, who heads the athletic club's community public relations. "I started lion dancing when I was a kid," he said. "Chinatown was much smaller then and it was a celebration with fireworks and firecrackers, which added a lot of flavor and meaning to it."

"一个好的舞狮者会模仿一个活生生的生物,"59岁的Karlin Chan说,他是体育会社区公关负责人。"我小时候就开始舞狮了,"他说。"那时唐人街要小得多,庆祝活动有烟花和爆竹,这为它增添了许多风味和意义。"

- I) Mr. Chan buys a new lion head each year when he travels to China. A head costs about \$1,500. "If you want the good stuff, the quality, you have to see it for yourself," he said. "I'll inspect the product before we put it in the container and ship it over." Mr. Chan, who has been involved with the club for nearly 50 years, said that passing the dance from one generation to the next was vital. "You need to pass on the traditions and the culture, and this is a part of our culture," he said. "It's a great way to promote cultural understanding and exchange; we welcome that."

Chan先生每年去中国时都会买一个新狮头。一个狮头大约要1500美元。"如果你想要好东西、高质量的,你必须亲自去看,"他说。"在我们把它装进集装箱运过来之前,我会检查产品。"Chan先生参与俱乐部活动已近50年,他说将舞蹈从一代传给下一代至关重要。"你需要传承传统和文化,而这是我们文化的一部分,"他说。"这是促进文化理解和交流的好方法,我们欢迎这样做。"

- J) For Sara Pore, aged 17, another club member, lion dance is more than just tradition; it provides a creative outlet. "Lion dancing started 2,000 years ago—that's incredible," she said. "But what makes you a competent lion dancer is that there's a sense of imagination involved. Lion dancing teaches competence in leadership because of this. You're constantly forced to push yourself past your limit."

对于另一位俱乐部成员、17岁的Sara Pore来说,舞狮不仅仅是传统;它提供了一个创造性的出口。"舞狮始于2000年前——这太不可思议了,"她说。"但让你成为一名称职的舞狮者的是其中涉及的想象力。舞狮因此教会人们领导能力的胜任力。你被不断迫使突破自己的极限。"

- K) Back at rehearsal(排练), Just in Le, aged 18, tied a red ribbon around his waist to practice jumping. The dancers use the ribbons to pull themselves up over their partners' heads. The room's ceilings are too low to wear the lion heads for jumping practice, so once up on his partner's head, Mr. Le held out his arms as if in offering.

回到排练现场,18岁的Justin Le在腰间系上一条红丝带练习跳跃。舞者们用丝带将自己拉过搭档的头顶。房间的天花板太低,无法戴着狮头练习跳跃,所以一旦站到搭档头顶上,Le先生就伸出双臂,仿佛在献礼。

- L) Mr. Le comes by the dance as a legacy(传承). "I was born into it," Mr. Le said, noting that his uncle and father were club members. "Growing up, I would always watch my family and see the lion dance, and I slowly grew interested in it." By the age of 14, he was fully enrolled in the athletic

club's lion dance group. "I value my culture and tradition, being Chinese or Asian-American. I have a lot of pride in that," he said. "I want to contribute and give back to the community."

Le先生的舞蹈是一种传承。"我生来就接触它,"Le先生说,并指出他的叔叔和父亲都是俱乐部成员。"在成长过程中,我总是看着我的家人并观看舞狮,我慢慢对它产生了兴趣。"到14岁时,他已经完全加入了体育会的舞狮团。"我珍视我的文化和传统,作为华裔或亚裔美国人。我对此深感自豪,"他说。"我想做出贡献并回馈社区。"

陈述句与逐句解析

36. The lion dancers perform from door to door to bring New Year wishes to business people.

舞狮者挨家挨户表演,为商人们带来新年祝福。

【答案】 **F** 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 挨家走访商铺送新年祝福

【定位】 Today, the dancers travel across Chinatown going from business to business to bring good luck for the coming year.

如今,舞者们穿行于唐人街,挨家挨户走访商铺,为即将到来的一年带来好运。

【改写】 perform from door to door ↔ **going from business to business**

挨家挨户=挨个商铺

bring New Year wishes to business people ↔ **bring good luck for the coming year**

新年祝福=带来来年好运

37. The New York dance club also serves as a place for entertainment where youngsters can enjoy themselves safely.

这家纽约舞蹈俱乐部也是一个娱乐场所,年轻人可以在那里安全地享受乐趣。

【答案】 **C** 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 俱乐部兼作安全娱乐场所

【定位】 But the club also acts as a recreation center and safe haven for teenagers, with video games readily available.

但这家俱乐部也充当青少年的娱乐中心和安全庇护所,备有随时可玩的电子游戏。

【改写】 a place for entertainment ↔ **a recreation center**

娱乐场所=娱乐中心

youngsters can enjoy themselves safely ↔ **safe haven for teenagers**

安全玩乐=安全庇护所

38. Lion dancers need to have a little imagination to perform well.

舞狮者需要有一点想象力才能表演好。

【答案】 **J** 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 需要一点想象力

【定位】 But what makes you a competent lion dancer is that there's a sense of imagination involved.
但让你成为一名称职舞狮者的，是其中需要有一种想象力。

【改写】 have a little imagination to perform well ↔

what makes you a competent lion dancer is that there's a sense of imagination involved
想象力造就称职舞者

39. There are a number of different versions about the origin of the lion dance.

关于舞狮的起源有多种不同的说法。

【答案】 E 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 起源有多个不同版本

【定位】 Stories vary about how lion dancing came to be, but most of them include a monster named Nian who would terrorize a village.

关于舞狮如何起源，说法各异，但大多数版本都包含一个会恐吓村庄、名叫年的怪兽。

【改写】 a number of different versions ↔ **Stories vary**

多个不同版本=故事各异

the origin of the lion dance ↔ **how lion dancing came to be**

起源=如何产生

40. Some 50% of the members of a New York lion dance club are teenagers.

纽约某舞狮俱乐部大约50%的成员是青少年。

【答案】 B 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 约 50% 成员是青少年

【定位】 Teenagers comprise about half of the group, many of whom began lion dancing at the age of 14.

青少年约占该团体的一半，其中许多人在 14 岁时开始舞狮。

【改写】 Some 50% of the members ↔ **about half of the group**

50%=约一半

are teenagers ↔ **Teenagers comprise**

主体都是青少年

【辨邻】 C 段 As many as 20 students show up after school 给的是放学后到场的 20 人，讲的是出勤人数，并未说青少年占成员的‘一半’，故不是 40 题源头。

As many as 20 students show up after school

41. One club member says he feels proud of his cultural tradition.

一位俱乐部成员说他为自己的文化传统感到自豪。

【答案】 L 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 为自己的文化传统自豪

【定位】 I value my culture and tradition, being Chinese or Asian-American. I have a lot of pride in that.

作为华裔或亚裔美国人,我珍视自己的文化与传统。我为此深感自豪。

【改写】 feels proud of his cultural tradition ↔ I value my culture and tradition

珍视 = 自豪的来源

feels proud ↔ I have a lot of pride in that

感到自豪 = 心怀自豪

【辨邻】 I I 段 You need to pass on the traditions and the culture 强调要把文化传下去,是‘传承’主题,没有 feels proud 这层自豪情感,故非 41 题源头。

You need to pass on the traditions and the culture, and this is a part of our culture

42. Two dancers coordinate their movements, one manipulating the lion's head and the other its body.

两名舞者协调动作,一人操纵狮头,另一人操纵狮身。

【答案】 G 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 两人分别操控狮头与狮身

【定位】 The lion head and tail are operated by two people. As one person controls the head, a second follows under a train of fabric representing the body.

狮头和狮尾由两人操作。一人控制狮头,另一人在代表狮身的一长片布料下跟随。

【改写】 Two dancers coordinate their movements ↔ The lion head and tail are operated by two people

两名舞者协作

one manipulating the lion's head and the other its body ↔

As one person controls the head, a second follows under a train of fabric representing the body

一控头一控身

43. One lion dancer compares their New York dance club to a family.

一位舞狮者把他们的纽约舞蹈俱乐部比作一个家庭。

【答案】 D 段 (强锚点)

【锚点】 把俱乐部比作一个家庭

【定位】 "We're a big family," he said, shaking hands with other members as they walked through the door.

“我们是一个大家庭,”他一边说,一边与走进门来的其他成员握手。

【改写】 compares their New York dance club to a family ↔ **We're a big family**

说是家庭=比作家庭

44. Lion dance should be handed down to future generations as part of Chinese culture.

舞狮应该作为中国文化的一部分传承给后代。

【答案】 I 段（强锚点）

【锚点】 应作为文化代代相传

【定位】 Mr. Chan, who has been involved with the club for nearly 50 years, said that passing the dance from one generation to the next was vital.

与俱乐部相伴近五十年的陈先生说，把这门舞蹈代代相传至关重要。

【改写】 handed down to future generations ↔ **passing the dance from one generation to the next**
传给后代=代代相传

as part of Chinese culture ↔ **this is a part of our culture**

中华文化的一部分

【辨邻】 L L 段 I want to contribute and give back to the community 是个人意愿，未提‘把舞狮传给未来世代至关重要’这一普遍主张，故非 44 题源头。

I value my culture and tradition, being Chinese or Asian-American

45. One lion dancer learned how to perform from his elders.

一位舞狮者从长辈那里学会了如何表演。

【答案】 L 段（弱锚点）

【锚点】 从长辈处学会舞狮

【定位】 "Growing up, I would always watch my family and see the lion dance, and I slowly grew interested in it."

“成长过程中，我总是看着家人舞狮，慢慢地就对它产生了兴趣。”

【改写】 from his elders ↔ **his uncle and father were club members**

长辈=叔叔和父亲

learned how to perform ↔

I would always watch my family and see the lion dance, and I slowly grew interested in it
看着家人学会

【辨邻】 H 段 I started lion dancing when I was a kid 只讲儿时起步，没有 from his elders 这层家传习得，故非 45 题源头。

I started lion dancing when I was a kid

I 段 I passing the dance from one generation to the next 讲把舞狮传给后代，与 45 题‘从长辈处学会’方向相反，故非源头。

passing the dance from one generation to the next was vital

PARAGRAPH MAP • 段落主旨图

12 个段落各讲了什么

逐段一句主旨 + 该段最具区分度的「信息指纹」，是逐句回扫定位的工作台。

A 开篇白描：在曼哈顿坚尼街四楼工作室里，青少年们随鼓点练习中国舞狮，狮头随节奏旋转。

信息指纹 曼哈顿坚尼街四楼工作室

B 介绍这个舞狮团：共 60 人，青少年约占一半，多在 14 岁起步；自 1956 年起表演，将参加农历新年游行。

信息指纹 60 人团队、青少年占一半

C Fong 介绍俱乐部还兼作青少年的娱乐与庇护场所，放学后多达 20 人来玩，备有电子游戏，前提是要学舞狮。

信息指纹 娱乐场所兼青少年庇护所

D 成员 Alvin Chau 加入十年，称俱乐部像一个大家庭，人人相识。

信息指纹 把俱乐部比作大家庭

E 讲舞狮起源：相传始于三世纪，关于由来众说纷纭，多含一个名叫 Nian 的怪兽被村民用爆竹和鼓吓走的故事。

信息指纹 舞狮起源、众说纷纭的版本

F 如今舞者在唐人街挨家挨户走访商铺、为来年带来好运；并介绍鸡年的象征意义。

信息指纹 挨家商铺走访带来好运、鸡年

G 讲舞狮的技术构造：狮头与狮尾由两人操作，一人控头、一人在布身下跟随，协调模仿狮子动作。

信息指纹 两人分别操控狮头与狮身

H Karlin Chan 谈好舞者要模仿活物，回忆儿时唐人街更小，烟花爆竹为庆典增添韵味。

信息指纹 好舞者模仿活物、儿时回忆

I Chan 每年赴中国亲自挑选并购买约 1500 美元一只的新狮头，强调把舞狮代代相传、是文化传承的关键。

信息指纹 亲赴中国买狮头、文化代代相传

J 17 岁的 Sara Pore 认为舞狮不只是传统，更是一种创意出口；要成为好舞者需要一点想象力。

信息指纹 舞狮需要想象力、创意出口

K 回到排练场景：18 岁的 Justin Le 腰系红丝带练习跳跃，借丝带翻越同伴头顶，因天花板太低不戴狮头练。

信息指纹 系红丝带练跳跃

L Justin Le 谈舞狮是家族传承：从小看家人舞狮而渐生兴趣，14 岁正式入团；珍视自己的文化传统并引以为傲。

信息指纹 家族传承、为文化传统自豪

SENTENCE INSIGHTS • 句子精讲

10 句真题句逐层精讲

下列真题句各有独立的句子解析页——中文翻译、结构树逐层拆解、成分与时态、考点讲解与真题高频词。点击句子进入完整解析。

"Take it slow and do it again." The dance group, made up of 60 members, performs throughout the year but was now preparing for its biggest events, Chinese Lunar New Year celebrations, which will begin on Saturday and conclude on February 15.

B段，第2句

这句话结构不算过难，但覆盖的句法现象和时态切换很有代表性，适合拿来做“主干识别 + 修饰拆解 + 时态对照”训练。对巩固基础和建立稳定分析步骤都很有帮助。

Teenagers comprise about half of the group, many of whom began lion dancing at the age of 14.

B段，第3句

主句加非限制性定语从句是四六级和考研阅读中的常见句式，“介词 + 关系代词”（of whom）结构也是定语从句的典型考点。动名词作宾语同样是高频语法现象。本句的结构具有较高的代表性和可迁移性，掌握后可以应对大量类似句子。

As many as 20 students show up after school.

C段，第3句

成分种类较少：只有主语、谓语和时间状语，且都很容易识别。主语中的 “As many as” 结构有一定练习价值，可让学生学会识别修饰性短语如何与核心名词构成整体，但整体坑点不多。

"The basic requirement for hanging out here is you have to learn how to lion dance," Mr. Fong said.

C段，第4句

本句覆盖了主语、谓语、宾语、表语、定语（介词短语）等多种成分，且包含直接引语、表语从句、不定式宾语等结构。对于练习成分划分，能接触到引述结构、主系表、从句作表语等知识点。有一定丰富性，但不含定语从句、状语从句等更复杂结构，因此训练价值中等偏上。

It is believed that the lion dance began in the third century.

E段，第1句

“It is + 过去分词 + that从句” 的形式主语结构在四六级和考研阅读中极为常见，掌握此句型可直接迁移到大量类似句子的理解，具有很高的典型性和实用价值。

Today, the dancers travel across Chinatown going from business to business to bring good luck for the coming year.

F段，第1句

本句成分较为丰富,涵盖主语、谓语、时间状语、地点状语、方式状语(现在分词短语)、目的状语(不定式短语)共六种成分,可作为识别多种状语类型的基础练习句。但因结构过于简单,缺少易错的修饰层级或特殊结构,训练价值中等。

"A good lion dancer will imitate a living creature," said Karlin Chan, aged 59, who heads the athletic club's community public relations.

H段，第1句

本句涵盖主谓宾、倒装引述、宾语从句、非限制性定语从句、关系代词在从句中作主语等多种结构，成分种类丰富；倒装引述和关系代词双重身份（引导词兼主语）是值得练习的易错点，训练价值较高。

"Chinatown was much smaller then and it was a celebration with fireworks and firecrackers, which added a lot of flavor and meaning to it."

H段，第3句

并列主句加非限制性定语从句的结构在四六级和考研阅读中较为常见，特别是用 "which" 补充说明前面整个事件或名词短语的用法，掌握后可迁移到大量类似句式

The room's ceilings are too low to wear the lion heads for jumping practice, so once up on his partner's head, Mr. Le held out his arms as if in offering.

K段，第3句

本句涵盖主系表结构、主谓宾结构、目的状语（不定式）、时间状语、方式状语等多种成分类型，适合练习识别不同类型的状语和区分系表结构与主谓宾结构。"too...to" 结构和 "as if" 引导的方式状语也是值得练习的知识点。但整体难度不高，没有特别容易混淆的陷阱。

One club member says he feels proud of his cultural tradition.

第41题题干

宾语从句是四六级和考研阅读中的高频结构，says 等引述动词后接从句的模式极为常见，掌握后可直接迁移到大量类似句子，具有较强的代表性。

本篇出现的 75 个英语四级真题高频词

下列单词既在本篇真题中出现，又是 **英语四级** 历年真题的高频词（在该考试真题中出现的句子数均不少于 8）。每个词标注本篇 出现次数与该考试真题句频，点击可查看该词的释义、音标、词形与真题例句。

dancer A2

n. 舞者

本篇13 次 · 真题 18 句

dancing A1

n. 跳舞

本篇7 次 · 真题 19 句

perform B1

v. 执行

本篇5 次 · 真题 52 句

tradition B1

n. 传统

本篇5 次 · 真题 31 句

lunar B2

adj. 月球的

本篇4 次 · 真题 10 句

would A1

aux. (will 的过去式) 将要，会

本篇2 次 · 真题 466 句

community B1

n. 社区

本篇2 次 · 真题 81 句

involve B1

v. 包含

本篇2 次 · 真题 65 句

generation B2

n. 一代人

本篇2 次 · 真题 44 句

partner B1

n. 伴侣

本篇2 次 · 真题 44 句

cultural B1

adj. 文化的

本篇2 次 · 真题 30 句

movement B1

n. 移动

本篇2 次 · 真题 28 句

requirement B2

n. 要求

本篇2 次 · 真题 18 句

studio B1

n. 工作室

本篇2 次 · 真题 18 句

imitate B2

v. 模仿;仿效(行为、声音、方式等)

本篇2次·真题15句

creature B1

n. 生物

本篇2次·真题14句

imagination B1

n. 想象力

本篇2次·真题13句

celebration B1

n. 庆祝活动

本篇2次·真题12句

version B1

n. 版本

本篇2次·真题10句

aged B1

adj. 年老的;上了年纪的

本篇2次·真题8句

villager B1

n. 村民

本篇2次·真题8句

product A2

n. 产品

本篇1次·真题128句

quality A2

n. 质量

本篇1次·真题100句

according B1

prep. 根据

本篇1次·真题88句

organization B1

n. 组织

本篇1次·真题76句

digital B1

adj. 数字的

本篇1次·真题75句

contribute B1

v. 捐献

本篇1次·真题74句

event A2

n. 事件

本篇1次·真题66句

current B1

adj. 现在的

本篇1次·真题64句

attack A2

v. 攻击

本篇1次·真题55句

creative B1

adj. 有创造力的

本篇1次·真题 55 句

available A2

adj. 可获得的

本篇1次·真题 48 句

promote B2

v. 促进

本篇1次·真题 47 句

limit B1

n. 限度

本篇1次·真题 45 句

figure A2

n. 数字

本篇1次·真题 44 句

reveal B2

v. 揭示

本篇1次·真题 43 句

wild A2

adj. 野生的

本篇1次·真题 42 句

interested A1

adj. 感兴趣的

本篇1次·真题 40 句

particularly B2

adv. 尤其, 特别 (强调某事物)

本篇1次·真题 39 句

conclude B2

v. 断定;推断出

本篇1次·真题 36 句

finally A2

adv. 终于, 最终

本篇1次·真题 36 句

environmental B1

adj. 环境的

本篇1次·真题 34 句

vary B1

v. 不同

本篇1次·真题 31 句

represent B1

v. 代表

本篇1次·真题 28 句

understanding B1

n. 理解;领悟

本篇1次·真题 28 句

fully B1

adv. 完全地

本篇1次·真题 26 句

participate B1

v. 参加

本篇1次·真题 25 句

container B1

n. 容器

本篇1次·真题 24 句

native B1

adj. 本国的

本篇1次·真题 22 句

stuff A2

n. 东西

本篇1次·真题 22 句

collection B1

n. 收集物

本篇1次·真题 21 句

formal B1

adj. 正式的

本篇1次·真题 21 句

constantly B1

adv. 不断地, 持续地

本篇1次·真题 19 句

vital B2

adj. 极其重要的, 必不可少的

本篇1次·真题 19 句

leadership B2

n. 领导地位; 领导权

本篇1次·真题 18 句

numerous B2

adj. 众多的, 许多的

本篇1次·真题 18 句

involved B1

adj. 参与的

本篇1次·真题 16 句

flavor B1

n. 味道

本篇1次·真题 15 句

operate B1

v. 运转

本篇1次·真题 15 句

root A2

n. 根

本篇1次·真题 13 句

slowly A1

adv. 缓慢地

本篇1次·真题 13 句

consultant B2

n. 顾问

本篇1次·真题 11 句

coming A1

n. 到来

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

entertainment B1

n. 娱乐活动

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

exchange B1

n. 交换

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

harmony B2

n. 和谐

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

outlet B2

n. 商店

本篇1次 · 真题 10 句

string A2

n. 线, 细绳

本篇1次 · 真题 9 句

enroll B2

v. 注册

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

fabric B1

n. 织物

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

incredible B2

adj. 极好的

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

origin B2

n. 起源

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

readily B2

adv. 乐意地

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

safely A2

adv. 安全地

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

symbol B2

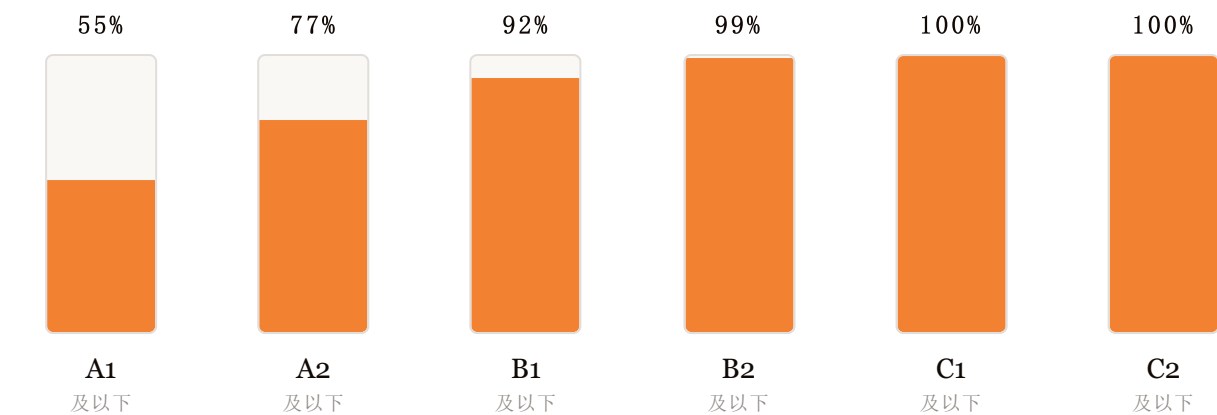
n. 象征

本篇1次 · 真题 8 句

VOCABULARY · 词汇难度分布

全文 332 词按 CEFR 难度累积覆盖

全文去重后共 332 个单词，按欧框 CEFR 等级统计。每根柱表示「该等级及以下」的累积占比（CDF），最右一柱为 100%。B2 以上（C1/C2）为高阶词，本篇共 2 个 · 约 1%。



每柱为「按 CEFR 等级及以下」的累积覆盖率 (CDF) · 数据为全文去重词 332 个 · 末柱为 100%

去重总词数 332	B2 以上难词 1%	B1 及以下覆盖 92%
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英语四级 2023年6月·第3套 · 全卷构成

Part I	写作	题目解析 →
Part II	听力	与2023年6月第1套共用 · 题目解析 →
Part III Section A	完形填空（选词填空）	题目解析 →
Part III Section B	长篇阅读（信息匹配）	本题
Part III Section C (1)	阅读理解（四选一）	题目解析 →
Part III Section C (2)	阅读理解（四选一）	题目解析 →
Part IV	汉译英（段落翻译）	题目解析 →